

# **Duct Sensor Humidity / Temperature**

Active sensor (0...10 V) for measuring the relative or absolute humidity and temperature in duct applications. Instead of the humidity signal, the enthalpy or the dewpoint can be selected as an output signal. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure.





# Type Overview

Туре	Output signal active humidity	Output signal active temperature	Probe length
22DTH-11M	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	140 mm
22DTH-11Q	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	270 mm

Technical Data		
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage range	AC 21.626.4 V / DC 13.526.4 V
	Power consumption AC	0.8 VA
	Power consumption DC	0.4 W
	Electrical connection	Removable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief Ø68 mm
Functional data	Sensor Technology	Polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh filter
	Multirange	4 measuring ranges selectable
	Output signal active note	Output 05/10 V with Jumper adjustable Voltage output: min. 10 $k\Omega$ load
	Application	Air



	Technical data sheet	22DTH-11
Measuring data	Measuring values	Temperature Relative humidity Dew point Enthalpies Absolute humidity
	Measuring range humidity	0100% r.H. non-condensing
	Measuring range temperature  Active sensor: range selectable  Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data)	
		Setting range [°C] range [°F] Factor settin
		S0       -4060       -40160         S1       050       40140         S2       -1535       0100         S3       -2080       0200
	Measuring range absolute humidity	adjustable at the transducer: 050 g/m³ (default setting) 080 g/m³
	Measuring range enthalpy	085 kJ/kg
	Measuring range dew point	adjustable at the transducer: 050°C (default setting) -2080°C
	Accuracy humidity	±2% between 1090% r.H. @ 21°C
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.5°C @ 21°C [±0.9°F @ 70°F]
	Time constant τ (63%) in air duct	R.H.: typical 10 s @ 3 m/s Temperature: typical 125 s @ 3 m/s
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black
	Housing	Cover: Lexan, orange Bottom: Lexan, orange Seal: 0467 NBR70, black UV resistant
Safety data	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing
	Fluid humidity	Short-term condensation permitted
	Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-30120°F]
	Fluid temperature	-4080°C [-40175°F]
	Operating condition air flow	max. 12 m/s
	Protection class IEC/EN	III Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)
	Protection class UL	UL Class 2 Supply
	EU Conformity	CE Marking
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
	Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN CSA E60730-1:02/-2-9
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001



#### Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

#### Remarks

#### General remarks concerning sensors

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

# Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage ( $\pm 0.2~\rm V$ ) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0.5...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a re-calibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board.

#### **Application Notice for Humidity Sensors**

Refrain from touching the sensitive humidity sensor element. Touching the sensitive surface will void warranty.

For standard environmental conditions the manufacturing accuracy specified in the datasheet will be guaranteed for two years. When exposed to harsh environmental conditions such as high ambient temperature and/or high levels of humidity, or presence of aggressive gases (i.e. chlorine, ozone, ammonia) the sensor element may be affected and readings may be outside specified accuracy. Replacement of deteriorated humidity sensors due to harsh environmental conditions are not subject of the general warranty.

The sensor shows best performance when operated within recommended normal temperature range of 5...60°C and humidity range of 20...80% r.H. Long-term exposure to conditions outside normal range, especially at high humidity, may temporarily offset the humidity signal (e.g. +3% r.H. after 60h kept at >80% r.H.). After returning into the normal temperature and humidity range the sensor will slowly come back to calibration state by itself.

### Scope of delivery

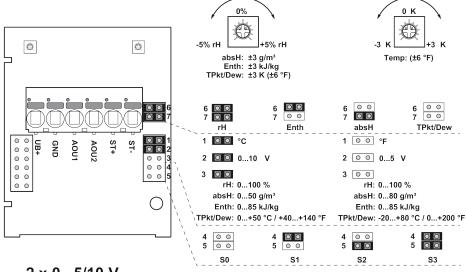
Scope of delivery	Description	Туре
	Mounting flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm, up to max. 120°C [248°F], Plastic	A-22D-A35

#### **Accessories**

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Replacement filter, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
	Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm,	A-22G-A01.1

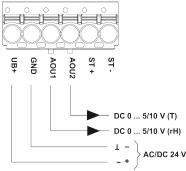


#### Wiring diagram



2 x 0...5/10 V

rH Relative humidity
absH Absolute humidity
EntH Enthalpy
TPkt/Dew Dew point
(Measurement value available on Output
AOU1)



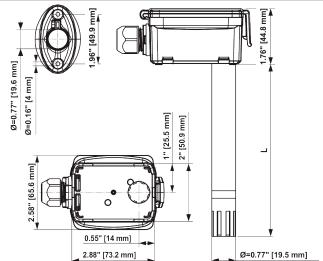
Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory
			setting
S0	-4060	-40160	
S1	050	40140	
S2	-1535	0100	
S3	-2080	0200	~



# **Dimensions**



**Weight** 0.14 kg 0.20 kg

L = Probe length

Туре	Probe length
22DTH-11M	140 mm
22DTH-11Q	270 mm